

## Module 1

**Ynp. 7. 1 a)** to lead a healthy lifestyle, peace and quiet, convenient public transport, beautiful/amazing landscapes, to switch off a mobile (phone), crowded streets, heavy traffic, to install an alarm system; **b)** to drive safely, to read the text carefully, to behave badly, to run into a friend; **c)** on Sundays, to go to the beach, to play volleyball, to chat with friends.

**Ynp. 8. 2** 1. You should always have an ID in a strange city. 2. He looks/is looking very tired. He should go to the country to relax away from the hustle and bustle. 3. Mark usually reads at his time but today he is playing board games with his friend. 4. We ran out of sugar, we should go and buy some. 5. Do you feel homesick when you are on holiday?

**Ynp. 9. 3.** Kolomenskoye is my favourite place in Moscow. If you are interested in history you can learn a lot of things there, especially about the period of Peter I. I like folklore festivals with their bright costumes, folk songs and dances and traditional Russian dishes very much. I enjoy the beautiful views of the park and the Moskva-river. Fresh air, peace and quiet of the historical places make the visitors really happy. Kolomenskoye is one of the most popular places to visit for Muscovites and tourists from all over Russia and foreign countries.

## Module 2

**Ynp. 6 1. a)** science fiction; a funny story with a happy end; a mystery/detective story writer; fiction; an adventure story about a professor and his nephew; the biography of a famous writer; to discover sth.; to break a compass; to explore the area; **b)** a loud snore; to snore loudly; to sigh sadly; a sad sigh; a quiet whisper; to whisper quietly; to cry suddenly; to yawn funnily; **c)** to go on a dangerous journey; to travel in a submarine; at first glance; to hide behind the bushes; to get back to smb.; to go out; a gust of wind.

**Ynp. 7 2.** 1. Conan Doyle used to write history novels but he became popular/famous because of/by his detective/mystery stories. 2. Professor Black used to explore deserts so he knows a lot about (the) animals living there. 3. I

used to read only science fiction or fairy tales and now I love adventure stories. 4. When I came to see my granny/came to my granny's place I and my friends used to play hide-and- seek in the big cave. 5.What's the matter?/What is it? You look upset.

**Ynp. 8 3.** – Hi, Andrew! – Hi, Mary. You look/are looking excited. Is everything OK? – You'll never guess what happened to me! – What is it? – A/the children's magazine took my story and is going to publish it! – Oh!/That's amazing! What is the story about? What is going on there? – It's a detective/mystery story in which a teenager solves a very hard mysterious case. – How interesting!/ That's interesting/amazing I'm glad for you.

### **Module 3.**

**Ynp. 6 1.a)** a magazine about boxing, to go ice-skating in the Sports Centre, to be interested in/crazy about painting, a curious child, an imaginative writer; **b)** to come up with new ideas, to give the secret away, a boring article, a disappointed young man, to give up smoking, to give back a book to the library; **c)** famous with his poems, to be afraid/scared of dogs, to pay attention to the landscape, to cope with a difficult task.

**Ynp. 7 2.** 1. A person who works with animals should be/needs to be kind and patient. 2. My father's friend who came from Moscow yesterday is a famous science fiction writer. 3. What is he like? – He's sociable and very friendly. 4. What does his sister look like? – She's a short thin girl of about twenty with funny pigtails and pretty freckles. 5. Be determined not to give up on your dream of becoming a writer. You have a real talent.

**Ynp. 8 3.** We can learn a lot about Russian peasants' children in the 19th century from the poems by the great Russian poet N.Nekrasov. Their life was not easy. They got up very early and helped their parents in their hard work. They fed animals, worked in the fields, picked up mushrooms and berries in the forest. The great Russian writer I.Turgenev also described their interests, favourite games and free time activities. For example, he described vividly the children's gatherings

round the bonfire after work at night where they enjoyed telling scary stories about ghosts and house-spirits.

#### **Module 4.**

**Упр. 7 1. a)** to read international news; to listen to the weather report; to take part in a chat show; to feel worried; to be shocked; a curious boy; to watch channel 1;  
**b)** to go on writing a novel; a favourite TV channel; a reasonable rule; an enjoyable music show; to go with a dress;  
**c)** to come to the rescue; to fall off the balcony; thanks for the story; to get out of the car; to share the information with smb.; to come up with the idea; to be proud of one's friends.

**Упр. 8 2.** 1. When you buy some fish, put it immediately into the fridge or it'll go off. 2. These shoes don't go with the silk dress. 3. Tom went on speaking about his adventures but nobody was listening to him. 4. I want/'d like to watch a documentary about animals/wildlife documentary, turn on Channel 5, please. 5. Club members of "Save Nature" take part in lots of activities to keep their district/region clean.

**Упр. 9 3.** Television is powerful mass media which provides us with the latest international and local/home news, gossip about famous people, weather reports, and advertisements. Everyone can choose a channel and a programme to their taste/they fancy: a talk show, a music programme, an interview, a reality show, and different films. Television often changes our tastes, ideas, opinions/views because we believe what we see and hear. Its role in our life is great.

#### **Module 5. (отсутствует в первом издании)**

**Упр. 7 1. What's the English for:**

- a)** делать снимки цифровой камерой, слушать музыку через наушники, вызывать загрязнение воздуха и воды, виртуальные школы;
- b)** солнечная ветреная погода, опасный вид спорта, национальный образовательный проект, полезные советы, дождливая осень;

**с)** измениться к лучшему, с нетерпением ждать каникул, искать новый роман любимого писателя, искать новое слово в электронном словаре?

**Упр. 8 2. Translate the sentences:**

1. Я уверен, наша школа будет совсем другой через 20 лет. 2. Когда я узнаю результаты экзамена, я пришлю тебе сообщение. 3. Он жить не может без своего ноутбука. Если он возьмет его с собой в лагерь, он весь месяц проведет за компьютером. 4. Если родители пойдут в театр, мне придется остаться дома, чтобы присмотреть за младшим братом. 5. Я с нетерпением жду встречи с моим английским другом по переписке.

**Упр. 9 3. Translate the dialogue:**

- Помоги мне, пожалуйста, разобраться с моим новым цифровым фотоаппаратом.
- Конечно! Какие проблемы?
- Я не знаю, как просмотреть снимки на компьютере.
- У тебя есть специальный прибор кард-ридер?
- Боюсь, что нет.
- Тогда нам нужны провода от фотоаппарата. Где они?
- Вот они, в коробке.
- Отлично! Соедини этот провод с компьютером и фотоаппаратом.
- Готово! Что дальше?
- Нажми на эту кнопку и следуй инструкциям на экране.
- Большое спасибо. Все гораздо легче, чем я думал.

**Упр. 7 1. a)** to take pictures with a digital camera, to listen to music with headphones, to cause air and water pollution, online schools; **b)** sunny and windy weather, a dangerous sport, a national educational project, useful advice, rainy autumn; **c)** to change for the better, to look forward to holidays, to look for a new novel by the favourite author, to look up a new word in the electronic dictionary.

**Упр. 8 2.** 1. I'm sure our school will be different in 20 years. 2. When I learn the exam result, I'll send you a message. 3. He can't live without his laptop. If he takes

it with him to the summer camp, he will spend the whole month by the computer.

4. If my parents go to the theatre, I'll have to stay at home to look after my little brother. 5. I'm looking forward to meeting my English pen-pal.

**Ynp. 9 3.** – Can you help me with my new digital camera?

- Sure, what's the problem/what do you need?
- I don't know how to see the photos on my PC.
- Have you got a special device called a card-reader?
- I'm afraid not.
- Then we need the wires that go with the camera. Where are they?
- Here they are, in the box.
- All right. Now connect this wire to the computer and to the camera.
- Got it! What's next?
- Press this button and follow the instructions on the screen.
- Thanks a lot. That was easier than I thought.

## **Module 6.**

**Ynp. 7 1. a)** to go on a rocket journey; to see trapeze artists; to see/explore famous landmarks; to ride on the big wheel; to eat candy floss; to reserve a place (at a summer camp); **b)** an illogical answer; an impossible task; an unbelievable story; an irresponsible boy; a two-week holiday; **c)** to shake hands with friends; to come across ghosts; to go hiking; to be to a camp, to come round.

**Ynp. 8 2.** 1. This science fiction story has just come out. I've never read anything like it! 2. I have already come back from the Sports camp. We learnt to survive in the forest: to put up tents, build fires. 3. –Have you already planned your summer holidays? – My parents have already booked three weeks in the Tech camp. 4. Mike has gone to the circus. He is fond of clowns, performing tricks. 5. Do you fancy going to the cinema? – That sounds great!/I'd love to!

**Ynp. 9 3.** I have had unforgettable holidays! I have been to Port Aventura, a world-famous theme park in Spain. Here you explore/discover five fairy worlds, among them the mysterious Chinese Empire and the fantastic Wild West. You

enter the world of fantasy where you can go on an exotic journey through space and time to explore different great world cultures and ancient/old civilizations. I enjoyed having hair-raising rides, for example riding on a rollercoaster, and going on a water ride.

### **Module 7.**

**Ynp. 6 1.** **a)** a successful director/producer, a talented opera singer, a favourite character of American cartoons, jazz (music) concerts, an album by the young rock star; **b)** to be careful, to follow helpful advice, to stay speechless, to turn/switch on the computer, to turn into a fairy; **c)** for a long time, since he finished school, since last night, hundreds of thousands of fans, two tickets for 6 pm (showing).

**Ynp. 7 2.** 1. What Russian cartoon is the funniest from those you have seen? 2. This young actor is not as/so famous as many other film stars, but he is one of the most talented (actors) in our cinema. 3. He has been famous with his roles in thrillers for 15 years. 4. My parents haven't been at the cinema for many years. They prefer classical music concerts. 5. My brother has become the winner of the TV quiz on the history of the world cinema.

**Ynp. 8 3.** Last year I joined our school Cinema club. Each of us has our favourite film type/genre – comedy, animation/cartoons, fantasy, science fiction, thrillers or documentary. At our club meetings we speak about the history of our favourite genres. We also watch films and then discuss them. We have learned how to write reviews of the films we have seen. We sometimes have visitors working for film industry. They are producers/directors, actors, cameramen and also film critics. Many of them say, that they got interested in the cinema when they were children/ in their childhood.

### **Module 8.**

**Ynp. 8 1.** **a)** to emit toxic fumes; air and soil pollution; natural habitats; acid rains; factory waste; **b)** endangered animal species; to recycle cans; to collect rubbish; **c)** to make up sentences; to make out the handwriting; to make the quarrel /it/ up with

smb.; to clean out a pond; to join a club; arguments for and against; to wipe out many species of fish; to leave the city.

**Ynp. 9 2.** 1.- The government is trying /tries to reduce air pollution, isn't/doesn't it? – True, there are new rules how to use cars. 2. The children had to collect rubbish, didn't they? 3. Acid rains have been causing damage /poisoning/doing harm to the forests of Sweden for many years. 4. – You've been building nesting boxes since morning, haven't you? – Yes, I'd like to finish as quickly as possible. Join me and help. 5. Take the gardening gloves, the rake and the watering can and help your dad in the garden.

**Ynp. 10 3.** The ecological situation on the planet Earth is bad. Many species of birds and animals are in danger because of air, water and soil pollution. Acid rains poison water and soil. Many species of fish and plants are dying. We must do everything we can to reduce pollution of the environment. We should be friendly to Nature: plant flowers, collect rubbish for recycling, clean out ponds, rivers and lakes. We should try to preserve/keep the natural habitats (for animals).

## **Module 9.**

**Ynp. 6 1. a)** healthy food, low-fat yoghurt, a large bar of milk chocolate, a first aid kit, cold drinks; **b)** to order hamburgers takeaway, a T-shirt of a different size, a pair of trainers, a black leather jacket, to take the sandals back to the shop; **c)** to have lunch in the school canteen, a jar of honey, to find the gloves of a larger size for the customer, to pack things for camp.

**Ynp. 7 2.** 1. We have run out of fruit. Go and buy some apples and oranges. 2. For this pie I need some milk and flour, a few eggs and a little salt and sugar. 3. To be healthy you should drink a lot of fresh clean water. 4. My brother has been buying books in this bookshop since his childhood. 5. I like my mother's present very much. I have always wanted a handbag like this. 6. This blue dress suits you. And it fits. And the shoes match!

**Ynp. 8 3.** – Can you help me to buy food for my birthday party?  
- With pleasure. Did you write your shopping list yourself?

- No, together with my mum. I only added souvenirs for games and contests.
- Do you need to buy any meat or fish? I don't know anything about it.
- Don't worry! This year we decided to have tea. So we'll buy some chocolates, cookies and fruit.
- What about the cake? I saw candles in the shopping list.
- We'll buy everything for the cake – some flour, eggs, some sugar, sour cream and nuts. My mum is going to make it herself. I'll help her.

## Module 10.

**Ynp. 7 1. a)** to throw a party; to practise sport; to twist an ankle; to sprain a wrist; to have stomachache; to break one's leg; to disagree with smb; a high fever; to feel exhausted; **b)** to wash /oneself/ with cold water; to hurt oneself badly; to behave well; to dress quickly; to do smth. oneself; to feel bad; to rise from the ground; to cut oneself; **c)** to fall out with one's friends; to sit exams; the coat is falling apart; to take care of the younger brother; to fall behind the classmates/with lessons.

**Ynp. 8 2.** 1. I have the doctor's appointment at five. I have been having toothache for two days. 2. – My brother has sore eyes. – You should put drops in his eyes and he'll be/feel better. 3. Be careful, the knife is very sharp, you can cut your finger. 4. – Boris has banged his head. I'm going to call for the ambulance. – And now/meanwhile you should put a cold pack on his forehead. 5. You have a fever/high temperature. You should drink plenty of fluids.

**Ynp. 9 3.** –Mum, I don't feel well. – What's the matter, sweetheart? – I have a headache. – I'll give you a painkiller. – And it hurts when I swallow. – Ann, let's take your temperature, shall we? You have a sore throat/your throat is sore and a slight temperature. I'm afraid you are coming down with a cold. Lie down, please. – But I'm practising volleyball tomorrow! – You'll have to stay a couple of days at home. I'll call for the doctor. And now you should drink lots of warm water and get plenty of rest.



